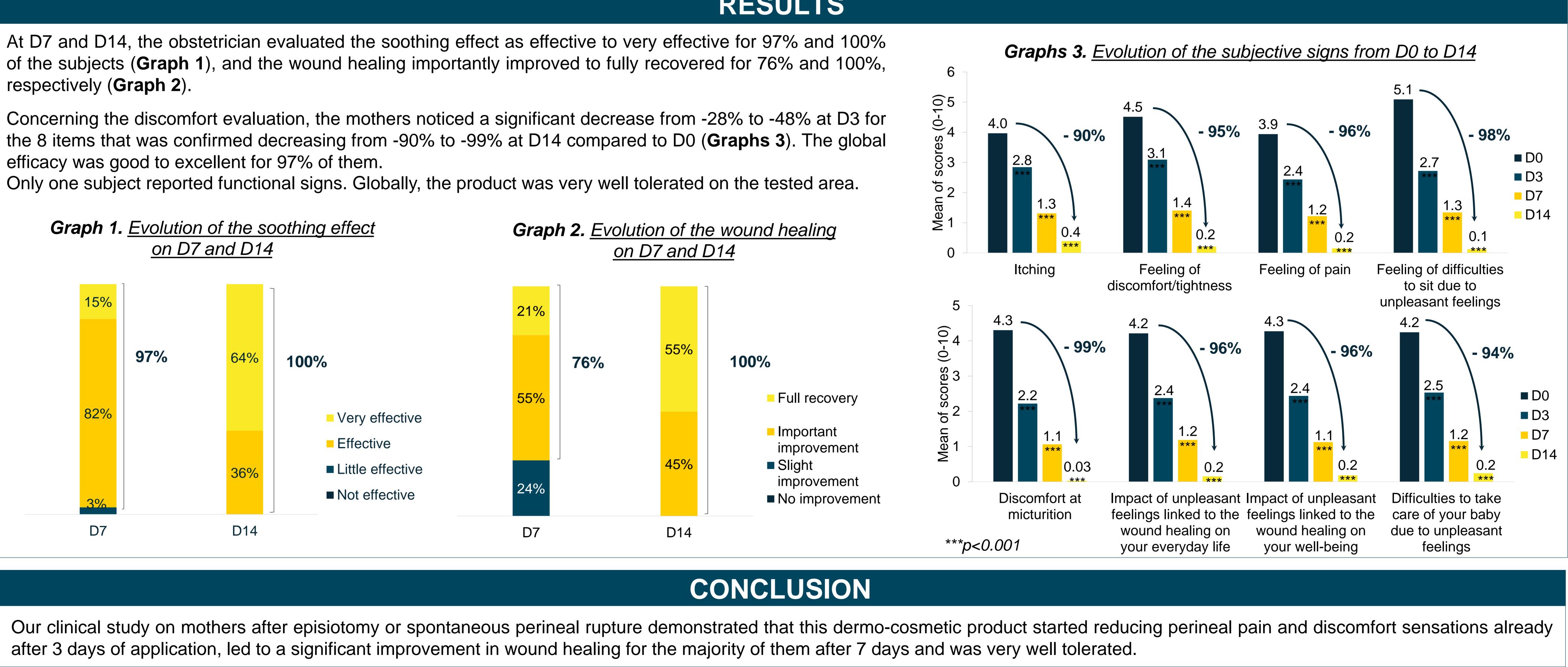
MANAGEMENT OF PAIN, WOUND HEALING, AND DISCOMFORT SENSATIONS OF WOMEN AFTER EPISIOTOMY **OR SPONTANEOUS PERINEAL RUPTURE WITH A DERMO-COSMETIC PRODUCT**

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Episiotomy occurs up to 95% of deliveries in certain countries. Just like spontaneous perineal rupture, many women suffer from short and long-side effects of episiotomy, such as wound healing delay, infections, scar esthetics or limitation of motion. Moreover, perineal pain and discomfort due to wound could impact the relationship between mothers and infants. Therefore, it is important to relief perineal pain and to enhance wound repair in order to consequently improve women's quality of life. But very few clinical studies investigated discomfort sensations in this context. So, the aim of this work was to assess the clinical efficacy, the women's comfort and the tolerance of a dermo-cosmetic product after episiotomy or spontaneous perineal rupture.

33 women from 18 to 39 years (52% episiotomy, 48% spontaneous perineal rupture) were included in this intra-individual clinical study under obstetrician control. They applied the product 8±1 days after delivery (once the wound is closed) during 14 days, once or twice a day. The obstetrician interviewed the subjects on product soothing effect (not effective to very effective) and evaluated the wound healing (no improvement to full recovery) at Day 0, Day 3, Day 7 and D14, the subjects evaluated 8 items linked to pain and other discomfort sensations via a questionnaire by scoring them from 0 (not agree at all) to 10 (totally agree) and assessed global efficacy at Day 14.



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INTRODUCTION

MATERIALS & METHODS

RESULTS

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